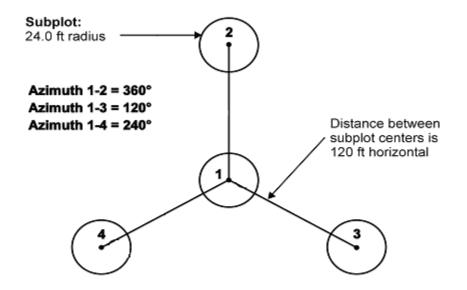
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FIA plot diagram.

# 24.0 Introduction

The objectives of the Phase 3 (P3) Vegetation Indicator are to measure the type, relative abundance, and vertical position of all trees, shrubs, herbs, grasses, ferns and fern allies within each P3 plot. We use this information to assess forest ecosystem health in terms of diversity and rates of change of community structure for both native and non-native vascular plant species. While individual species can be important indicators of a site's potential productivity, economic value, and wildlife forage and shelter, changes in the composition and spatial arrangement of vascular plants in a forest may indicate the presence of chronic stresses such as discrete site degradation, climate change, and pollution. These stresses can lead to decline or local eradication of sensitive species, as well as increase and dominance of opportunistic species, such as many weedy non-native plants.

Vegetation diversity and structure data can also be used to classify P3 plots by locally defined plant communities or associations, allowing extrapolation of other forest health monitoring results to broader areas.

The accepted technique used by vegetation scientists to sample plant composition and diversity is to install nested plots of different sizes within a given plant community (Mueller-Dombois and Ellenberg 1974, Barbour and others 1987). Multi-scale sampling is necessary because different communities have different spatial patterns of species richness, so a single plot size is an arbitrary sample of species diversity. Sampling at two or more scales provides information about the structure of a plant communities (and forest types), allows us to estimate how many additional species might occur beyond our largest plot size (i.e., were "missed") (Stohlgren and others 1995), and allows us to measure change in composition over time.

Data will be collected by crew members who have been trained and certified in the Vegetation Indicator methods. These crew members are expected to have had previous botanical training; while we can provide some refresher training in local flora, the skills needed to be an effective field vegetation specialist are beyond the scope of what we can provide during a short training period at the beginning of the field season.

Crew members who are not certified in Vegetation Indicator methods may assist the field vegetation specialist by:

- 1. Sharing CONDITION CLASS number information
- 2. Assisting with DETAILED NONFOREST LAND USE descriptions
- 3. Laying out transects
- 4. Locating quadrat corners
- 5. Collecting unknown specimens
- 6. Entering data
- 7. Aiding in tree identification

Note: This indicator is CORE OPTIONAL for all phase 2 plots.

#### 24.1 Sample Design

Phase 3 sampling of vegetation is focused on accessible forest condition classes. If the total area of all accessible forest land condition classes is less than 100% on a subplot, vegetation measurements are done only on the portion that is in accessible forest land condition classes. Vegetation Indicator measurements are not done on portions of the

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plot that are NOT accessible forest land condition classes. Canopy cover estimates are only made for the area within accessible forest condition(s).

Vegetation Indicator data are collected on all four subplots of P3 plots or portions of subplots that are accessible forest land. The boundaries of the subplot are 24.0 feet, horizontal distance, from the subplot center. Data are collected on two plot sizes on each subplot: three  $3.28 \times 3.28$  feet  $(1 \text{ m}^2)$  "quadrats", and the 24.0-foot radius subplot (fig. 24-1). From subplot center, the quadrats are located on the right sides of lines at azimuths of  $30^\circ$ ,  $150^\circ$ , and  $270^\circ$ . Ideally, two corners of each quadrat are permanently marked at 15 and 18.3 feet (4.57 and 5.57m), horizontal distance, from the subplot center. (This will vary by region and landowner.)

Total cover of all vegetation foliage in four height layers (0 - 2, > 2 - 6, > 6 - 16, and > 16 feet) is estimated on each subplot prior to recording species. Ground variable cover estimates are also recorded on the 24.0-foot radius subplot. Each quadrat is assigned to the dominant condition class on the quadrat, and trampling is assessed.

A species matrix is compiled for each plot as the vegetation specialist visits each sample unit – both quadrats and subplots – on the plot. A species code is recorded when a species is first encountered. When discovered on subsequent sample units within the plot, information is added to the original species record.

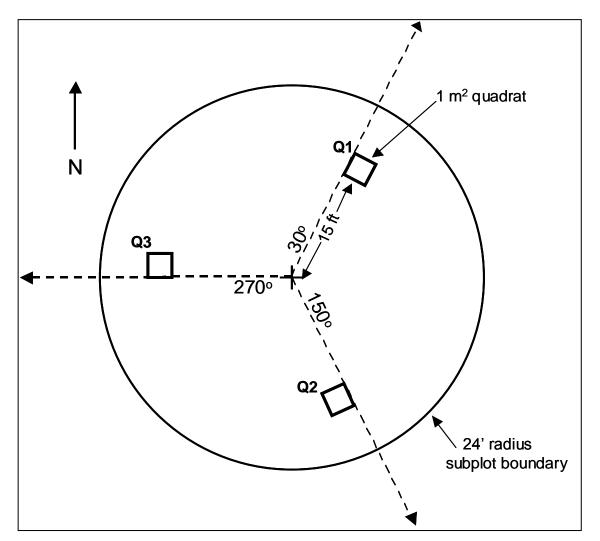
On the quadrats where the dominant condition class is accessible forest, species presence/absence data are collected for vascular plants rooted in the quadrat or with overhanging foliage or live material within 6 feet above the ground above the quadrat.

After the quadrats are assessed, a time-constrained search of all species on the subplot is conducted. Total canopy cover of each individual species is estimated, and then canopy cover within each of three height layers (0-6, > 6-16, and >16) are estimated on each subplot. There are no height limits for vegetation overhanging the subplot boundary; trees and shrubs that are rooted outside the subplot are included in the record if they overhang the subplot. Most species will have canopy cover in one layer only, in which case the total canopy cover and layer canopy cover will be the same. Species and canopy cover estimates are only made for the area of the subplot in accessible forest condition(s). Boundaries between multiple accessible forest conditions on a subplot are ignored during data collection. When a full plot cannot be completed due to time restrictions the vegetation specialist should measure the entire suite of records for individual subplots, completing as many subplots as time allows.

Specimens of all measured plants that cannot be confidently identified to the species level are collected off-plot and submitted to herbaria for subsequent identification. Data are collected by certified vegetation specialists with regional knowledge to provide optimum field identification of plant species at each site.

Overall data quality objectives include plant identification correspondence between two measurements of at least 70% agreement at the species level and 95% agreement to genus level. The measurement quality objective (MQO) for the total number of species recorded per subplot is a tolerance of +/- 10% agreement 90% of the time. These MQO's are assessed in training and through quality assessments. After all collected unknown plants are identified, at least 85% of all individual plant records should be to the species level, with no more than 5% of the records submitted to the final database as unknowns.

Quality assessments (blind checks) should be made within 2 weeks of the original plot visit. At the time of next plot measurement cycle, plots should be revisited within 2 weeks of the calendar date of the previous measurement cycle, if at all possible.



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Figure 24-1. Layout of P3 subplot showing location of quadrats and subplot boundary

# 24.2 Suggested Field Gear Unique To Vegetation Indicator

- 1-gal plastic bags for unknown plant specimens
- 1-m<sup>2</sup> quadrat frame
- Permanent pins/stakes to mark quadrat where allowed, or temporary pin flags
- Carpenters ruler (for height measurements)
- Hand lens
- Pre-numbered labels for unknown plant specimens (provided)
- Envelopes for bulky fruits or nuts
- Local flora keys and species lists
- Digging tool
- Large boxes to store and ship samples
- Newspaper and cardboard
- Plant press
- Access to dissecting scope with illuminator
- Mailing instructions for samples (Region specific)

# 24.3 Plot And Visit Reference Information

## 24.3.1 STATE

Record the unique FIPS (Federal Information Processing Standard) code identifying the State where the plot center is located.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: See Appendix 1 in the P2 field guide

#### 24.3.2 COUNTY

Record the unique FIPS (Federal Information Processing Standard) code identifying the County where the plot center is located.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: See Appendix 1 in the P2 field guide

# 24.3.3 PLOT NUMBER

Record the identification number, unique within a county, parish, or borough (survey unit in AK), for each plot. If SAMPLE KIND = 3, the plot number will be assigned by the National Information Management System (NIMS). Use 99999 while in the field for replacement plots.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 5 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: 00001 – 99999

#### 24.3.4 QA STATUS

Record the code corresponding to the type of vegetation measurement conducted.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Standard field production plot
- 2 Cold Check
- 3 Reference plot (off grid)
- 4 Training/Practice plot (off grid)
- 5 Botched Plot file (disregard during data processing)
- 6 Blind Check
- 7 Hot Check (production plot)

#### 24.3.5 CREW NUMBER

Record the code to indicate the number assigned to the crew member who collected vegetation structure data on this plot. The first 2 digits are for the responsible unit's station number (NRS – 24xxxx, SRS – 33xxxx, RMRS – 22xxxx, and PNW – 26xxxx)

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 6 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

| NRS  | 240001 – 249999 |
|------|-----------------|
| SRS  | 330001 - 339999 |
| RMRS | 220001 – 229999 |
| PNW  | 260001 - 269999 |

24.3.6 VEG SAMPLE KIND Record sample kind.

> When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Initial P3 VEG plot establishment
- 2 Remeasure of previously established P3 VEG plot
- 3 Replacement P3 VEG plot

#### 24.3.7 VEG VISIT DATE

Record the year, month, and day that the current plot visit was completed as follows:

#### 24.3.7.1YEAR

Record the year that the plot was completed.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 4 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:  $\geq 2005$ 

#### 24.3.7.2 MONTH

Record the month that the plot was completed.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

| nuary u  | 5                   | May                   | 09                             | September                            |
|----------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| bruary 0 | )6                  | June                  | 10                             | October                              |
| arch 0   | )7                  | July                  | 11                             | November                             |
| oril O   | . 8                 | August                | 12                             | December                             |
|          | ebruary C<br>arch C | ebruary 06<br>arch 07 | bruary 06 June<br>arch 07 July | bruary 06 June 10<br>arch 07 July 11 |

# 24.3.7.3 DAY

Record the day of the month that the plot was completed.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: 01 to 31

# 24.3.8 VEG PLOT NOTES

Use these fields to record notes pertaining to the entire plot. If the notes apply only to a specific subplot or other specific aspect of the plot, then make that clear in the notes.

When collected: All plots currently having at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 2000 alphanumeric characters Tolerance: N/A MQO: N/A Values: English language words, phrases and numbers

# 24.4 Subplot Information

#### 24.4.1 SUBPLOT NUMBER

Record the code corresponding to the number of the subplot.

When collected: Every subplot on all plots with at least one accessible forest condition Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Center subplot
- 2 North subplot
- 3 Southeast subplot
- 4 Southwest subplot

# 24.4.2 VEG SUBPLOT STATUS

Record the code corresponding to how the subplot was sampled, and if not, why not.

When collected: Each subplot Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Sampled at least one accessible forest land condition present
- 2 Sampled no accessible forest land condition present on subplot
- 3 Nonsampled

# 24.4.3 VEG SUBPLOT NONSAMPLED REASON

For subplots that cannot be sampled, and are wholly or partially within the FIA sampling population (U.S. boundary), record one of the following reasons. Codes 1-4 can be assigned to entire plots or portions of plots that are not sampled. Code 5 is assigned only when the entire plot is affected.

When collected: When Subplot Status=3 Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 01 Outside U.S. boundary
- 02 Denied access area
- 03 Hazardous situation
- 04 Time Limitation
- 05 Lost data (office use only)
- 10 Other

#### 24.4.4 PERCENT SUBPLOT AREA ACCESSIBLE FOREST LAND Record the percent area of the subplot in an accessible forested condition.

When collected: When Subplot Status = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: 90 % of the time Values: 001-100.

# 24.4.5 DETAILED NONFOREST LAND USE

Record the code corresponding to the NONFOREST land use of the portion of the subplot that is not forest. If more than one nonforest land use is present, record the code that best describes the land use occurring closest to subplot center.

When collected: SUBPLOT STATUS = 1, and PERCENT SUBPLOT AREA ACCESSIBLE FOREST LAND < 100%

Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 10 Agriculture
  - 11 Cropland
  - 12 Pasture
  - 13 Idle farmland
  - 14 Orchard
  - 15 Christmas tree plantation
- 20 Rangeland
- 30 Developed
  - 31 Cultural (business, residential, urban buildup)
  - 32 Rights-of-way (improved roads, railway, power lines, canals)
  - 33 Recreation (parks, ski areas, golf courses, etc.)
- 40 Other (beach, desert, noncensus water, marsh, bog)

## 24.4.6 COMMUNITY DESCRIPTION FOR SPECIMEN LABELS

To fully automate Specimen Label, enter a brief description of the community type to aid the taxonomist in the identification of any specimens collected from this subplot. Community descriptions often describe the dominant overstory species or unique habitat conditions (i.e., Open mixed conifer, closed paper birch, pinyon juniper woodland, coastal beach fringe). Do not enter "same as subplot X"; when voucher labels are printed for another subplot; this will be the information sent to the herbarium and will not be helpful.

When collected: SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 40 characters Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: English words or phrases that describe plant community

# 24.4.7 VEG SUBPLOT NOTES

Use these fields to record notes pertaining to the subplot.

When collected: As needed Field width: 2000 alphanumeric characters Tolerance: N/A MQO: N/A Values: English language words, phrases, and numbers

# 24.5 Subplot Total Canopy Cover By Layer

Estimate the total canopy cover of the foliage of all vascular plants by layer above the ground surface within the accessible forested conditions on the subplot. A rapid canopy cover estimate is made, ignoring overlap among species. It may help to visualize canopy cover by collapsing each layer into a 2-dimension space and using the polygon method. Canopy cover is based on a vertically-projected polygon described by the outline of the foliage, ignoring any normal spaces occurring between the leaves of plants (Daubenmire 1959). If there is no foliage in a layer, enter 0% for that layer. Canopy cover estimates are only made for the area within accessible forest condition(s) and should not include foliage on non-forested portions of the subplot. Record the percent cover on the forested portion as if the subplot was 100% accessible forest. For example, if cover in a layer is about equal to a circle with a radius of 5.3 ft, enter 5%, as you would for a fully forested subplot, on any partially forested subplot. However, the maximum cover for any layer cannot exceed the percent of forested area (24.4.4 PERCENT SUBPLOT AREA ACCESSIBLE FOREST LAND).

24.5.1 SUBPLOT CANOPY COVER LAYER 1 (0 – 2 feet above ground) Estimate the total canopy cover of the foliage of all vascular plants in Layer 1 within the accessible forested conditions on the subplot. A rapid canopy cover estimate is made, ignoring overlap among species.

When collected: All subplots where SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100 24.5.2 SUBPLOT CANOPY COVER LAYER 2 (>2 – 6 feet)

Estimate the total canopy cover of the foliage of all vascular plants in Layer 2 within the accessible forested conditions on the subplot. A rapid canopy cover estimate is made, ignoring overlap among species.

When collected: All subplots where SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

24.5.3 SUBPLOT CANOPY COVER LAYER 3 (>6 – 16 feet)

Estimate the total canopy cover of the foliage of all vascular plants in Layer 3 surface within the accessible forested conditions on the subplot. A rapid canopy cover estimate is made, ignoring overlap among species.

When collected: All subplots where SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

#### 24.5.4 SUBPLOT CANOPY COVER LAYER 4 (> 16 feet)

Estimate the total canopy cover of the foliage of all vascular plants in Layer 4 within the accessible forested conditions on the subplot. A rapid canopy cover estimate is made, ignoring overlap among species.

When collected: All subplots where SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

#### 24.6 Subplot Ground Variable Records

Assess the cover of ground variables found on the accessible forest portion of the subplot. In areas with thick vegetation, you may opt to complete this section after you have collected the species data and have a better perspective on the ground cover. These describe the nature of the ground surface. Multiple ground variables often occur on a subplot. Items must be visible from above. For example, a large rock completely covered with moss would not be coded, but the moss would be. Estimate the cover of each ground variable. Cover is estimated to the nearest 1% for each ground variable. The sum of all ground variable covers must equal the percentage entered for variable 24.4.4 PERCENT SUBPLOT AREA ACCESSIBLE FOREST LAND.

24.6.1 PERCENT CRYPTOBIOTIC CRUST COVER Record the PERCENT CRYPTOBIOTIC CRUST COVER in the subplot. Cryptobiotic crust is a layer of symbiotic lichens and algae on the soil surface (common in arid regions). When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

# 24.6.2 PERCENT LICHEN COVER

Record the PERCENT LICHEN COVER in the subplot.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

# 24.6.3 PERCENT LITTER/DUFF COVER

Record the PERCENT LITTER/DUFF COVER in the subplot. This is a continuous layer of accumulated organic matter over forest mineral soil (e.g., scattered leaves over mineral soil is coded mineral soil).

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

## 24.6.4 PERCENT MINERAL SOIL COVER

Record the PERCENT MINERAL SOIL COVER in the subplot. This is physically weathered soil parent material that may or may not also be chemically and biologically altered.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

# 24.6.5 PERCENT MOSS COVER Record the PERCENT MOSS COVER in the subplot. If liverworts occur on the subplot, include them here with mosses.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

### 24.6.6 PERCENT ROAD/TRAIL COVER

Record the PERCENT ROAD/TRAIL COVER in the portions of the subplot designated as accessible forest condition. Include any areas compacted and unvegetated from regular use by foot travel or small motorized vehicles.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100%

MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

#### 24.6.7 PERCENT ROCK COVER

Record the PERCENT ROCK COVER in the subplot. Include any rocks, boulders, or accumulations of gravel (> 1/4 inch diameter) or pebbles.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

#### 24.6.8 PERCENT STANDING WATER/FLOODED COVER

Record the PERCENT STANDING WATER/FLOODED COVER in the subplot. Include any ponding or flowing water that is not contained within banks, or remaining seasonal snow.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

#### 24.6.9 PERCENT STREAM/LAKE COVER

Record the PERCENT STREAM/LAKE COVER in the subplot. Include any body of water contained within banks that is within a forested condition, or any permanent snow or ice field present.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

# 24.6.10 PERCENT TRASH/JUNK/OTHER COVER

Record the PERCENT TRASH/JUNK/OTHER COVER in the subplot.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

#### 24.6.11 PERCENT WOOD COVER

Record the PERCENT WOOD COVER in the subplot. Wood pieces included should average greater than 3 inches in diameter and be in contact with the ground; smaller pieces should be included in Litter/ Duff Cover. Stumps, live trunks, and roots are included.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following cover classes: 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000-100

# 24.7 Quadrat Data

Place the quadrat frame to the right side of the transect line and make sure the corners are lined up at 15 and 18.3 feet from subplot center. Level the quadrat, if necessary, by propping up the quadrat corners. When a quadrat is located on a steep slope the vegetation specialist should be positioned next to or downhill from the quadrat to prevent sliding or falling into the quadrat. In areas of thick vegetation, slide the quadrat sides through the vegetation. Quadrat frames can be made with hinging corners or detachable sections to improve maneuverability.

#### 24.7.1 SUBPLOT NUMBER

Record the code corresponding to the number of the subplot.

When collected: All sampled subplots with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Center subplot
- 2 North subplot
- 3 Southeast subplot
- 4 Southwest subplot

### 24.7.2 QUADRAT NUMBER

Record the code corresponding to the number of the quadrat.

When collected: Each quadrat Field width: 1 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Quadrat on 30°
- 2 Quadrat on 150°
- 3 Quadrat on 270°

# 24.7.3 QUADRAT CONDITION CLASS NUMBER

A CONDITION CLASS number is assigned to each quadrat. If the quadrat straddles a CONDITION CLASS boundary, assign the number for the CONDITION CLASS that occupies the greatest area in the quadrat. Use the CONDITION CLASS number assigned during plot mapping by the mensuration crew (FIA National Core Field Guide, Ver. 5.0, section 2.4.1).

When collected: Each Quadrat on a sampled subplot with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: 1-9

# 24.7.4 QUADRAT STATUS

Record the code corresponding to how the quadrat was sampled. If QUADRAT STATUS is 1 or 3, continue to enter data for the quadrat. If the value entered is 2, 4, or 5, leave the remaining quadrat items blank.

When collected: Each quadrat on a sampled subplot with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 1 Quadrat sampled (most of the quadrat is in an accessible forest condition)
- 2 Quadrat not sampled because most or all of it does not fall in an accessible forested condition class
- 3 Quadrat sampled, no vascular plants rooted in or overhanging within 6 feet of the ground surface
- 4 Quadrat not sampled, hazard present on quadrat
- 5 Quadrat not sampled, other reason enter in quadrat notes

# 24.7.5 TRAMPLING

A trampling code is assigned to each quadrat at the start of vegetation diversity measurements. Trampling is defined as damage to plants or disturbance of the ground layer by humans, livestock, or wildlife.

When collected: QUADRAT STATUS = 1 or 3 Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: +/- one code MQO: At least 90% of the time Values:

- 1 Low: 0-10% of quadrat trampled: pristine to relatively undisturbed.
- 2 Moderate: 10-50% of quadrat trampled: trampling by animals or field crew
- 3 Heavy: >50% of quadrat trampled: hiking trail or heavily grazed.

# 24.7.6 VEG QUADRAT NOTES

Use these fields to record notes pertaining to the quadrat.

When collected: As needed Field width: 2000 alphanumeric characters Tolerance: N/A MQO: N/A Values: English words, phrases, and numbers

# 24.8 Species Records

Species data are collected at both the subplot level and the quadrat level for each subplot. A single species list is maintained for the entire plot and updated for specific attributes at each level (quadrat and subplot). Species codes are recorded as each species is discovered for the first time on a given plot. Data are added to the original species' record when the species is encountered on subsequent subplots or quadrats within the plot. This section describes the data required to uniquely identify each recorded species. *Note: It is typically easier to collect quadrat data and quadrat species first, and then return to subplot species.* WARNING: changing or deleting a species code will change it or delete it for the entire plot.

24.8.1 Plot Species List

# 24.8.1.1 SPECIES CODE

Record a code for each vascular plant species found rooted in or overhanging the forested portion of any subplot at any height or rooted in or overhanging within 6 feet above the quadrat. Species codes must be the standardized codes in the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) PLANTS database January 2000 version\*. Identification to species only is expected. However, if subspecies information is known, enter the appropriate NRCS code.

If a plant cannot be identified quickly and confidently, assign a NRCS PLANTS genus or unknown code appropriate to the species. Collect a specimen away from the quadrat unless the species is locally sparse or another SPECIMEN NOT COLLECTED REASON CODE (24.8.1.5) applies. A species is "locally sparse" if 5 or fewer plants are present in the entire plot (4 subplots) and immediate surrounding area.

When collected: First time each unique species is discovered on plot Field width: 10 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: Accepted NRCS species when the species is known, or an accepted NRCS genus or unknown code when the species is not known

\*Species, genus, and unknown codes from this version available from web site: <u>http://fiatools.fs.fed.us/fiadb-downloads/datamart.html</u> (see NIMS\_REF\_PLANT\_DICTIONARY). The list of unknown codes (NRCS "Symbols for unknown plants") is given in section 24.12. For more information about the codes, contact the indicator advisor.

## 24.8.1.2 UNIQUE SPECIES NUMBER

When any code is entered for the first time on a plot, the UNIQUE SPECIES NUMBER is "1". If more than one unidentified species is discovered that is described by the same genus or unknown code, the next sequential number is assigned. If a recorded unidentified species is encountered again elsewhere on the plot, the vegetation specialist adds information to the species' original record.

When collected: All species records Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: 1-99, assigned in sequential numbers

### 24.8.1.3 SPECIMEN OFFICIALLY COLLECTED

Record if a specimen was collected or not for each species, genus or unknown code entered as a new unique species.

When collected: All species records Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values

- 0 No, a specimen was not collected
- 1 Yes, a specimen was collected

#### 24.8.1.4 SPECIMEN LABEL NUMBER

Record the label number for the collected specimen. Pre-numbered labels are provided to each vegetation specialist by the regional coordinator or auto-generated with the data collection software.

When collected: SPECIMEN OFFICIALLY COLLECTED = 1 (yes) Field width: 5 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values: 1 to 99999, as pre-printed and assigned by region or auto-generated in PDR

#### 24.8.1.5 SPECIMEN NOT COLLECTED REASON CODE

Record the code that describes why a specimen has not been collected.

When collected: An unknown code or genus code is entered and SPECIMEN OFFICIALLY COLLECTED = 0 (no)

Field width: 2 digits Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 99% of the time Values:

- 01 Species is locally sparse
- 02 Species has < 1% canopy cover on the subplot and no mature foliage or reproductive parts are present
- 03 Hazardous situation
- 04 Time limitation
- 06 Specimen collected for immediate/local identification

10 Other (explain in notes)

# 24.8.1.6 PLOT SPECIES NOTES

Notes may be entered for any species encountered, but are required for each new species that is not identified. Enter text that describes the species. This text may be used in the specimen label and unknown report.

When collected: Required for any new unidentified species encountered on a plot and when SPECIMEN NOT COLLECTED REASON = 10 Field width: 2000 alphanumeric characters Tolerance: N/A MQO: N/A Values: English language words, phrases, and numbers

24.8.2 Quadrat Species Data Collection

# 24.8.2.1 SPECIES PRESENCE/ABSENCE ON QUADRAT

At each new sampled quadrat (QUADRAT STATUS = 1), record species presence or absence. When a new species is encountered, enter it using the fields described in section 24.8.1.

When collected: For each unique species present on a quadrat with QUADRAT STATUS = 1 Field width: 1 digit Tolerance: No errors MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: Blank or 0 (not present) or 1 (present)

# 24.8.3 Subplot Species Data Collection

After completing the three quadrats on a sampled subplot, the vegetation specialist does a search of the entire accessible forest condition area of the subplot, ignoring any condition class boundaries within the accessible forest. **Only** species rooted in or overhanging accessible forest condition(s) are included. All species recorded on the current subplot's quadrats must be included in canopy cover assessments. The vegetation specialist records abundance for all species, searching for no more than an average of 45 minutes per subplot. Some vegetation specialists find they spend more time on the first subplot, but less time on other subplots because most plants have been identified and coded. Only emergent plants are recorded as well as possible as seen from the ground level. Two types of canopy cover estimates are made for each species: total canopy cover and canopy cover within each of three layers. The majority of plants will have canopy cover in only one layer, in which case the total and layer canopy covers will be identical.

# 24.8.3.1 SUBPLOT SPECIES TOTAL PERCENT CANOPY COVER

A rapid canopy cover estimate is made for each species occurring within the 24-foot radius subplot. Estimate SUBPLOT SPECIES TOTAL PERCENT CANOPY COVER over the entire forested condition portion of the subplot, ignoring any boundaries between forested condition(s). Canopy cover is based on a vertically-projected polygon described by the outline of the foliage, ignoring any normal spaces occurring between the leaves of plants (Daubenmire 1959). Canopy cover estimates are only made for the area within accessible forest condition(s) and should not include foliage on non-forested portions of the subplot. However, record the percent cover on the forested portion as if the subplot

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was 100% accessible forest. That is, if total cover for a given species is about equal to a circle with a radius of 5.3 ft, enter 5%, as you would for a fully forested subplot.

For species of moderate cover, it may be easiest to divide the subplots into quarters, estimate canopy cover of each quarter separately, and then add them together. Record a trace (less than 0.5%) of canopy cover as "t". The following area-cover sizes may be useful in developing estimates for an entirely forested subplot:

| S     | Subplot radius = 24.0 feet, Subplot area = $1809 \text{ ft}^2$ |            |          |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
|       | Length of a side of a Radius of circular                       |            |          |  |  |  |  |
| Cover | Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )  | square(ft) | area(ft) |  |  |  |  |
| 1%    | 18   | 4.3        | 2.4      |  |  |  |  |
| 3%    | 54   | 7.4        | 4.1      |  |  |  |  |
| 5%    | 90   | 9.5        | 5.3      |  |  |  |  |
| 10%   | 181  | 13.4       | 7.6      |  |  |  |  |
| 20%   | 362  | 19         | 10.7     |  |  |  |  |

For any species: total cover must be less than or equal to the sum of cover assigned for all layers, but greater than or equal to the greatest cover assigned for any one layer. (Greatest Single Layer Cover  $\leq$  Total Cover  $\leq$  Sum of All Layers).

When collected: Each unique species present on current subplot with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1

Field width: 3 digits

Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: t, 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100%

MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: t, 001 to 100

#### 24.8.3.2 SUBPLOT SPECIES PERCENT CANOPY COVER LAYER 1 AND 2

A rapid canopy cover estimate is made for each species in a combined Layer 1 and 2. Estimate SUBPLOT SPECIES PERCENT CANOPY COVER LAYER 1 AND 2 over the entire 24-foot radius subplot, ignoring any forested condition class boundaries present, from ground level to 6 feet above the ground. For plants rooted in the subplot, but with no foliage in the combined Layer 1 and 2, enter 0. Cover assigned to any one layer cannot be greater than the value assigned for total cover for that species. Canopy cover is based on a vertically-projected polygon described by the outline of the foliage, ignoring any normal spaces occurring between the leaves of plants (Daubenmire 1959). Canopy cover estimates are only made for the area within accessible forest condition(s) and should not include foliage on non-forested portions of the subplot. However, record the percent cover on the forested portion as if the subplot was 100% accessible forest. That is, if total cover for a given species is about equal to a circle with a radius of 5.3 ft, enter 5%, as you would for a fully forested subplot.

When collected: Each unique species present on current subplot with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 0, t, 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000, t, 001 to 100

# 24.8.3.3 SUBPLOT SPECIES PERCENT CANOPY COVER LAYER 3

A rapid canopy cover estimate is made for each species in Layer 3. Estimate SUBPLOT SPECIES PERCENT CANOPY COVER LAYER 3 (from >6-16 feet above the ground) over the entire 24-foot radius subplot, ignoring any forested condition class boundaries present. For plants rooted in the subplot, but with no foliage in layer 3, enter 0. Cover assigned to any one layer cannot be greater than the value assigned for total cover for that species. Canopy cover is based on a vertically-projected polygon described by the outline of the foliage, ignoring any normal spaces occurring between the leaves of plants (Daubenmire 1959). Canopy cover estimates are only made for the area within accessible forest condition(s) and should not include foliage on non-forested portions of the subplot. However, record the percent cover on the forested portion as if the subplot was 100% accessible forest. That is, if total cover for a given species is about equal to a circle with a radius of 5.3 ft, enter 5%, as you would for a fully forested subplot.

When collected: Each unique species present on current subplot with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 0, t, 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100%

MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000, t, 001 to 100

# 24.8.3.4 SUBPLOT SPECIES PERCENT CANOPY COVER LAYER 4

A rapid canopy cover estimate is made for each species in Layer 4. Estimate SUBPLOT SPECIES PERCENT CANOPY COVER LAYER 4 (>16 feet above the ground) over the entire 24-foot radius subplot, ignoring any forested condition class boundaries present. For plants rooted in the subplot, but with no foliage in layer 4, enter 0. Cover assigned to any one layer cannot be greater than the value assigned for total cover for that species. Canopy cover is based on a vertically-projected polygon described by the outline of the foliage, ignoring any normal spaces occurring between the leaves of plants (Daubenmire 1959). Canopy cover estimates are only made for the area within accessible forest condition(s) and should not include foliage on non-forested portions of the subplot. However, record the percent cover on the forested portion as if the subplot was 100% accessible forest. That is, if total cover for a given species is about equal to a circle with a radius of 5.3 ft, enter 5%, as you would for a fully forested subplot.

When collected: Each unique species present on current subplot with SUBPLOT STATUS = 1 Field width: 3 digits Tolerance: +/- 1 class based on the following canopy cover classes: 0, t, 1-5%, 6-10%, 11-20%, 21-40%, 41-60%, 61-80%, and 81-100% MQO: At least 90% of the time Values: 000, t, 001 to 100

#### 24.9 Unknown Species And Voucher Specimen Collection

When you encounter a species you cannot identify quickly and confidently using field guides, follow these basic steps:

- 1. Assign a valid NRCS PLANTS Genus or Unknown CODE and appropriate UNIQUE SPECIES NUMBER.
- 2. Record if a specimen was collected or not in SPECIMEN COLLECTED.
- 3. When a specimen is collected:

- a) If using pre-printed labels, enter a SPECIMEN LABEL NUMBER. Place the pre-printed label with the corresponding label number in the bag with the specimen, or
- b) If the label number is auto-generated with the data collection software, write the number on a small label and place in the bag with the specimen.
- 4. If no specimen is collected, record a NOT COLLECTED REASON CODE.
- 5. Describe any newly encountered unknown species in SPECIES NOTES.
- 6. Record the quadrat occurrence or canopy cover estimate for the sample unit where the plant was encountered, as for any identified species. (see sections 24.8 or 24.9 for more detailed instructions).

Specimen labels with complete information can be generated automatically from downloaded data if a printer is available. Documentation of the unknown on Specimen Labels and Unknown Reports (replacing Unknown spreadsheets) is explained below, along with instructions for handling specimens.

# 24.9.1 Field Specimen Label

Each vegetation specialist may be issued a set of printed, pre-numbered labels to track unknown specimens (fig. 24-2). Information to be completed by hand in the field is optional, but may include date, unknown code, unique species number and crew number. **Revised data collection software auto-generates a label number when a specimen is collected, so the vegetation specialist only has to write out the generated LABEL NUMBER on a small piece of paper and include it in the bag with the specimen**.

> Label Number:1 Date: 8/06/03 Unknown Code: ACANT2 Unique Species Nbr: 1 Veg Spec. crew number: John Doe

Figure 24-2. Example of field label for unknown specimen.

# 24.9.2 Official Specimen Label

Official specimen labels are printed from plot data and accompany the unknown (or voucher) specimen as it is pressed, dried, and submitted for further identification (fig. 24.3). Information and variables included on Official Specimen Labels are listed in Table 24.1. Labels will not include sensitive plot identification data – the unique specimen label number is sufficient identification for each specimen.

| Specim              | en Vouch                                 | er                  |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Label Number:       | - Abel Number: 21 Resolved Species Code: |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resolved scientific | Resolved scientific name:                |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resolved by (name)  | ):                                       |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date Collected:     | 6/22/2005                                |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unknown Code:       | 2GRAM                                    | Unique Species Nbr: | 7                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Field collected sci | entific name:                            |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collected by:       | John Doe                                 |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| State:              | State name                               | County:             | County name               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Community type(s)   | )  |                     | bottomland, old stripmine |  |  |  |  |  |
| where found:        | ridgetop with atv trl, stripped yrs ago  |                     | moist bottom              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Species Notes:      | delicate, hairy joints                   |                     |                           |  |  |  |  |  |

Figure 24-3. Example of official specimen label for unknown specimen.

# 24.9.3 Unknown Reports

For any unknown plant species encountered, the species is recorded in an Unknown Report. The Unknown Report is generated from downloaded plot data. The Unknown Spreadsheet contains the fields for variables listed in Table 24.1:

| Table 04.4 Curana and | of Variables for Official | Creative and I have a Departe       |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Table 24.1 Summary    | or variables for Official | Specimen labels and Unknown Reports |

|                                 | Official<br>Specimen | Unknown      |                                    |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| Variable                        | Label                | Report       | Source                             |
| SPECIMEN Label NBR              | Х                    | X            | 24.8.1.4; Preprinted by Region for |
|                                 |                      |              | each VEG crew or auto-generated    |
| Genus or Unknown code           | Х                    | Х            | 24.8.1.1 (As assigned by VEG crew) |
| UNIQUE SPECIES NBR              | Х                    | Х            | 24.8.1.2                           |
| VEG spec. crew number           | Х                    | Х            | 24.3.5                             |
| Field collected scientific name | Х                    | Х            | Scientific name of species as      |
|                                 |                      |              | collected                          |
| P2 Plot Number                  | -                    | Х            | 24.3.3                             |
| State name                      | (descriptor*)        | (descriptor) | 24.3.1                             |
| County name                     | (descriptor)         | (descriptor) | 24.3.2                             |
| Community type(s) where         | Х                    | Х            | 24.4.6 or text entered by VEG crew |
| found                           |                      |              |                                    |
| Date (Collected)                | Х                    | Х            | 24.3.7                             |
| Description (of plant)          | Х                    | Х            | 24.8.1.6; PLOT SPECIES NOTES       |
| Resolved Species Code           | Х                    | Х            | NRCS code entered by identifier ** |
| Resolved Scientific Name        | Х                    | Х            | Scientific Name of corresponding   |
|                                 |                      |              | NRCS code                          |
| Resolved by name                | Х                    | Х            | Name of person identifying the     |
|                                 |                      |              | species                            |

\*Descriptor used, i.e., State and County NAMES, rather than FIPS code so that information has meaning to independent botanist or herbarium making the identification.

\*\* NRCS PLANTS CODE and scientific name entry to label is highly recommended if specimen is kept for future reference.

24.9.4 Specimen Collection and Handling

A good rule of thumb for when to collect unknown specimens is "when in doubt, *collect!*" Specimens of all plants present in the quadrats and subplots that cannot be quickly and confidently identified to species should be collected *away from quadrats* and off of the **subplot**, if possible. If fewer than 5 of the unknown plants are present DO NOT COLLECT (see section 24.8.1).

Use a digging tool to extract the entire plant, including any underground portions, flowers, fruits, and leaves. If the plant is abundant, collection of two samples will increase the likelihood of a good specimen. All specimens must be labeled, pressed, and dried for shipping and subsequent identification by the vegetation specialist, cooperating herbarium or specialist.

Collected unknown specimens should be transported in the field and from the field in the 1 and/or 2 gallon zip-lock bags provided. Only one species and label may be placed in a single bag. Acceptable methods of transporting collected specimens include:

- Use a 3-hole-punch to punch holes in the bottom of your bags prior to traveling in the field. Place the punched bags into a 2-inch 3-ring binder with the zip-lock portion facing outward. Plants can then be placed with pre-printed, numbered labels into the bag directly in the binder. This method prevents crumpling, tearing, and destroying the specimen during transportation.
- Use a 1-hole-punch to punch a hole in the one upper corner of each bag. The hole should be placed in such a manner that it cannot easily be torn. Place the bags on an aluminum carabineer (available at drug stores) or on heavy twine and fasten to your field vest or backpack. Be careful to seal the plants and labels securely inside the bags to prevent accidental loss.

#### Pressing specimens

- Each specimen representing a unique species should be placed individually inside a single layer of folded newsprint. Each specimen is to be accompanied by its corresponding unknown specimen label. Even small plant specimens are to be pressed individually. Large plant specimens may be folded in a "v", "z", or "w" arrangement to fit on a single newsprint page. Arrange the specimen so that at least one upper and one lower leaf surface is exposed. Plants may be trimmed to reduce bulk, so long as all diagnostic parts are included. Diagnostic portions include stem sections, petioles, leaves, roots, flowers, and fruits. Bulky fruits or nuts may be stored separately in a paper envelope that is taped to the newsprint and is accompanied by an identical copy of the specimen's unknown label. Unknown codes can be written on the outside of the folded newspaper to aid sorting as specimens are processed.
- Stack the specimens in their individual newsprint sleeves between two pieces of cardboard. Bind the cardboard and plants together using a piece of twine or flat cloth ribbon wrapped around the length and width of the cardboard bundle. For mailing numerous specimens, several bundles may be used. Place all bundles inside a cardboard box for shipping.

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Unknown specimens are to be packaged and shipped at the end of every work week. Exceptions will be made when extended field excursions prevent the vegetation specialist from reaching a post office.

All packaged specimens are to be accompanied by the following:

- Name and address to which final identifications are to be mailed
- One paper and one digital copy of the Unknown Spreadsheet

# 24.10 References

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Contact information for the National Advisor for this indicator is: Beth Schulz, USDA Forest Service PNW Anchorage Forest Science Laboratory, 3301 C Street, Suite 200, Anchorage, AK 99503 or email <u>bschulz@fs.fed.us</u>.

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<sup>4</sup>USDA Forest Service Southern Research Station

<sup>5</sup>USDA Forest Service North Central Research Station

<sup>6</sup>USDA Forest Service Northeast Research Station

<sup>7</sup>USDA Forest Service Interior West Research Station

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|                | For Unknown Plants                         |  |  |  |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code           | Common Name                                |  |  |  |
| 2FERN          | Fern or Fern Ally                          |  |  |  |
| 2FORB          | Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grasslike) |  |  |  |
| 2FA            | Forb, annual                               |  |  |  |
| 2FB            | Forb, biennial                             |  |  |  |
| 2FD            | Forb, dicot                                |  |  |  |
| 2FDA           | Forb, dicot, annual                        |  |  |  |
| 2FDB           | Forb, dicot, biennial                      |  |  |  |
| 2FDP           | Forb, dicot, perennial                     |  |  |  |
| 2FM            | Forb, monocot                              |  |  |  |
| 2FMA           | Forb, monocot, annual                      |  |  |  |
| 2FMB           | Forb, monocot, biennial                    |  |  |  |
| 2FMP           | Forb, monocot, perennial                   |  |  |  |
| 2FP            | Forb, perennial                            |  |  |  |
| 2FS            | Forb, succulent                            |  |  |  |
| 2FSA           | Forb, succulent, annual                    |  |  |  |
| 2FSB           | Forb, succulent, biennial                  |  |  |  |
| 2FSP           | Forb, succulent, perennial                 |  |  |  |
| 2GRAM          | Graminoid (grass or grasslike)             |  |  |  |
| 2GA            | Grass, annual                              |  |  |  |
| 2GB            | Grass, biennial                            |  |  |  |
| 2GP            | Grass, perennial                           |  |  |  |
| 2GW            | Grass, woody (bamboo, etc.)                |  |  |  |
| 2GL            | Grasslike (not a true grass)               |  |  |  |
| 2GLA           | Grasslike, annual                          |  |  |  |
| 2GLB           | Grasslike, biennial                        |  |  |  |
| 2GLP           | Grasslike, perennial                       |  |  |  |
| 2PLANT         | Plant                                      |  |  |  |
| 2SHRUB         | Shrub (>.5m)                               |  |  |  |
| 2SB            | Shrub, broadleaf                           |  |  |  |
| 20D            | Shrub, deciduous                           |  |  |  |
| 2SDB           | Shrub, deciduous, broadleaf                |  |  |  |
| 2SDBD          | Shrub, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot         |  |  |  |
| 2SDBD<br>2SDBM | Shrub, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot       |  |  |  |
| 2SDDM<br>2SDN  | Shrub, deciduous, needleleaf               |  |  |  |
| 23DN           | Shrub, evergreen                           |  |  |  |
| 2SEB           | Shrub, evergreen, broadleaf                |  |  |  |
| 2SEBD          | Shrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         |  |  |  |
| 2SEBD<br>2SEBM | Shrub, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot       |  |  |  |
| 2SEDIM<br>2SEN | Shrub, evergreen, needleleaf               |  |  |  |
| 23EN<br>2SN    | Shrub, needleleaf (coniferous)             |  |  |  |
| 251            | Shrub, succulent                           |  |  |  |
| 255<br>2SSL    | Shrub, succulent, leaf                     |  |  |  |
|                | Shrub, succulent, item                     |  |  |  |
| 2SSS<br>2SUBS  | Subshrub (<.5m)                            |  |  |  |
| 230B3<br>2SSB  | Subshrub, broadleaf                        |  |  |  |
| 233B<br>2SSD   | Subshrub, deciduous                        |  |  |  |
|                | Subshrub, deciduous broadleaf              |  |  |  |
| 2SSDB          | Cuboniub, deciduodo, bioduleai             |  |  |  |

# 24.12 Codes For Unknown Plants

| 2SSDBD       Subshrub, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot         2SSDBM       Subshrub, deciduous, needleleaf         2SSDN       Subshrub, evergreen         2SSEB       Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2SSEBD       Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2SSEBD       Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2SSEBM       Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot         2SSEN       Subshrub, evergreen, needleleaf         2SSS       Subshrub, succulent         2SSS2       Subshrub, succulent         2SSS       Subshrub, succulent, leaf         2SSS       Subshrub, succulent, stem         2TTB       Tree, deciduous         2TDB       Tree, deciduous, broadleaf         2TDB       Tree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot         2TDN       Tree, deciduous, needleleaf         2TDN       Tree, deciduous, needleleaf         2TDN       Tree, deciduous, needleleaf         2TEB       Tree, evergreen         2TEB       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2TEB       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot         2TEN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TEN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TEN       Tree, succulent, leaf         2TN   |        |                                       |  |  |
|--|--------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2SSDBM       monocot         2SSEN       Subshrub, deciduous, needleleaf         2SSEB       Subshrub, evergreen         2SSEBD       Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2SSEBM       Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2SSEN       Subshrub, evergreen, needleleaf         2SSEN       Subshrub, evergreen, needleleaf         2SSS       Subshrub, succulent         2SSS1       Subshrub, succulent, leaf         2SSS2       Subshrub, succulent, stem         2TREE       Tree         2TB       Tree, deciduous, broadleaf         2TDB       Tree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot         2TDB       Tree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot         2TDN       Tree, deciduous, needleleaf         2TE       Tree, evergreen         2TEB       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2TEB       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot         2TEB       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TEN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TEN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TEN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TEN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TN       Tree, evergreen, broadleaf         2TN       Tree, succulent, teaf      <   | 2SSDBD |                                       |  |  |
| 2SSESubshrub, evergreen2SSEBSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2SSEBMSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, needleleaf2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SSS2Subshrub, succulent2SSS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSS3Subshrub, succulent, stem2TRETree2TBTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TETree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TDNTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, succulent, leaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial   | 2SSDBM |                                       |  |  |
| 2SSEBSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf2SSEBDSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2SSEMSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf,<br>monocot2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, needleleaf2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SSS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSS3Subshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TBTree, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TEBTree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, leaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent,  | 2SSDN  | Subshrub, deciduous, needleleaf       |  |  |
| 2SSEBDSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2SSEMSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf,<br>monocot2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, needleleaf2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SSS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSS3Subshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TBTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDNTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TETree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent,   | 2SSE   | Subshrub, evergreen                   |  |  |
| 2SSEBMSubshrub, evergreen, broadleaf,<br>monocot2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, needleleaf2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SSS1Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSS2Subshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TBTree, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSP <td>2SSEB</td> <td>Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf</td>  | 2SSEB  | Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf        |  |  |
| 2SSEDMmonocot2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, needleleaf2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SSS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSS3Subshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TBTree, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDNTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual <t< td=""><td>2SSEBD</td><td>Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot</td></t<>   | 2SSEBD | Subshrub, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot |  |  |
| 2SSENSubshrub, evergreen, needleleaf2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSSSubshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TDTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, broadleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, her  | 2SSEBM | -                                     |  |  |
| 2SSNSubshrub, needleleaf (coniferous)2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SSSSubshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TDTree, broadleaf2TDTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, breadleaf2TNTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TNTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHNVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, an  | 2SSEN  |                                       |  |  |
| 2SS2Subshrub, succulent2SS2Subshrub, succulent, leaf2SS2Subshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TDTree, broadleaf2TDTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, succulent, breadleaf2TNTree, succulent, breadleaf2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual <t< td=""><td></td><td></td></t<>   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2SSSLSubshrub, succulent, leaf2SSSSSubshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TBTree, broadleaf2TDTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TNTree, succulent, broadleaf2TNTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2SSSSubshrub, succulent, stem2TREETree2TBTree, broadleaf2TDTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSAVine, herba  |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TREETree2TBTree, broadleaf2TDTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, succulent, leaf2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial <td></td> <td></td>   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TBTree, broadleaf2TDTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, succulent, leaf2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, per   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TDTree, deciduous2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial <tr <td="">2VHSPVin</tr>   |        |                                       |  |  |
|  |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TDBTree, deciduous, broadleaf2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TSTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2  |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TDBDTree, deciduous, broadleaf, dicot2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, succulent2TSTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial  |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TDBMTree, deciduous, broadleaf, monocot2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSP   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TDNTree, deciduous, needleleaf2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, her   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TETree, evergreen2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPV   |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TEBTree, evergreen, broadleaf2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VWVine, woody  |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TEBDTree, evergreen, broadleaf, dicot2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHDVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHMVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VWVine, woody  |        |                                       |  |  |
| 2TEBMTree, evergreen, broadleaf, monocot2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VWVine, woody   | 2TEB   |                                       |  |  |
| 2TENTree, evergreen, needleleaf2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VWVine, woody  | 2TEBD  |                                       |  |  |
| 2TNTree, needleleaf (coniferous)2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody  | 2TEBM  |                                       |  |  |
| 2TSTree, succulent2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHDVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody   | 2TEN   |                                       |  |  |
| 2TSLTree, succulent, leaf2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody   | 2TN    |                                       |  |  |
| 2TSSTree, succulent, stem2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody   | 2TS    | Tree, succulent                       |  |  |
| 2VHVine, herbaceous2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VWVine, woody  | 2TSL   |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHAVine, herbaceous, annual2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody   | 2TSS   |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHDVine, herbaceous, dicot2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody  | 2VH    | ,                                     |  |  |
| 2VHDAVine, herbaceous, dicot, annual2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody   | 2VHA   | Vine, herbaceous, annual              |  |  |
| 2VHDPVine, herbaceous, dicot, perennial2VHMVine, herbaceous, monocot2VHMAVine, herbaceous, monocot, annual2VHMPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial2VHPVine, herbaceous, perennial2VHSVine, herbaceous, succulent2VHSAVine, herbaceous, succulent, annual2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VHSPVine, herbaceous, succulent, vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial2VWVine, woody   | 2VHD   | Vine, herbaceous, dicot               |  |  |
| 2VHM       Vine, herbaceous, monocot         2VHMA       Vine, herbaceous, monocot, annual         2VHMP       Vine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial         2VHP       Vine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial         2VHP       Vine, herbaceous, perennial         2VHS       Vine, herbaceous, succulent         2VHSA       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual         2VHSP       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial         2VHSP       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, unual         2VHSP       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, unual         2VW       Vine, woody   | 2VHDA  |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHMA       Vine, herbaceous, monocot, annual         2VHMP       Vine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial         2VHP       Vine, herbaceous, perennial         2VHS       Vine, herbaceous, perennial         2VHS       Vine, herbaceous, succulent         2VHSA       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual         2VHSP       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual         2VHSP       Vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial         2VW       Vine, woody   | 2VHDP  |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHMP     Vine, herbaceous, monocot, perennial       2VHP     Vine, herbaceous, perennial       2VHS     Vine, herbaceous, succulent       2VHSA     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual       2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual       2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual       2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, vine, herbaceous, suc | 2VHM   | Vine, herbaceous, monocot             |  |  |
| 2VHP     Vine, herbaceous, perennial       2VHS     Vine, herbaceous, succulent       2VHSA     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual       2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial       2VW     Vine, woody   | 2VHMA  | Vine, herbaceous, monocot, annual     |  |  |
| 2VHS     Vine, herbaceous, succulent       2VHSA     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual       2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial       2VW     Vine, woody  | 2VHMP  |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHSA     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, annual       2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial       2VW     Vine, woody   | 2VHP   |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHSP     Vine, herbaceous, succulent, perennial       2VW     Vine, woody   | 2VHS   |                                       |  |  |
| 2VHSP         perennial           2VW         Vine, woody  | 2VHSA  |                                       |  |  |
|  | 2VHSP  |                                       |  |  |
|  | 2VW    | Vine, woody                           |  |  |
| 2VWD Vine, woody, deciduous  | 2VWD   | Vine, woody, deciduous                |  |  |
| 2VWDD Vine, woody, deciduous, dicot  | 2VWDD  | Vine, woody, deciduous, dicot         |  |  |
| 2VWDM Vine, woody, deciduous, monocot  | 2VWDM  | Vine, woody, deciduous, monocot       |  |  |
| 2VWE Vine, woody, evergreen  | 2VWE   | Vine, woody, evergreen                |  |  |
| 2VWED Vine, woody, evergreen, dicot  | 2VWED  | Vine, woody, evergreen, dicot         |  |  |
| 2VWEM Vine, woody, evergreen, monocot  | 2VWEM  | Vine, woody, evergreen, monocot       |  |  |

| State:   | Year:              | VEG Plot Notes:          |                       |           |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| County:  | Month              |                          |                       |           |
| Plot Number:   | Day:               | _                        |                       |           |
| VEG Sample Kind:   | 1                  | _                        |                       |           |
| VEG Crew Number:   |                    | _                        |                       |           |
| VEG QA Status:   |                    | -                        |                       |           |
|  |                    |                          | l                     | 1         |
|  | Subplot 1          | Subplot 2                | Subplot 3             | Subplot 4 |
| VEG Subplot status   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| VEG Subplot Non-<br>sample reason                            |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Percent Subplot Area in<br>Accessible Forest<br>Condition(s) |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Nonforest Land Use   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Т  | otal Canopy Cover  | · by Layer in Accessible | Forest Condition(s)   |           |
| 1 (0-2)  |                    |                          |                       |           |
| 2 (>2-6)   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| 3 (>6-16)  |                    |                          |                       |           |
| 4 (>16+)   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| · · · ·  | ubplot Ground Vari | able Cover in Accessib   | le Forest Condition(s | 5)        |
| Cryptobiotic crust   | ·                  |                          |                       | Ĺ         |
| Lichen   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Litter/Duff  |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Mineral Soil   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Moss   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Road/Trail   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Rock   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Water  |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Stream/Lake  |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Trash/Junk/Other   |                    |                          |                       |           |
| Wood   |                    |                          |                       |           |

P3 VEG DATA SHEETS: Plot and Subplot Information

# P3 VEG Quadrat and Subplot Species (one per Subplot)

| VEG Crew Number(s): |                   | Qd1 | Qd2 | Qd3 | VEG Subplot Notes: |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|
|                     | Quadrat status    |     |     |     |                    |
| Year: Month: Day:   | Quad Cond Class # |     |     |     |                    |
|                     | Trampling (1-3)   |     |     |     |                    |
| Subplot:            |                   |     |     |     |                    |

|              |                     |                     |                                |                    | Present/Absent |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----|-----|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|              | Unique Sp<br>Number | Specimen Collected? |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
| Species Code |                     | (1)<br>Label Number | (0) Not<br>Collected<br>Reason | Plot Species Notes | Qd1            | Qd2 | Qd3 | Sp Total<br>Cover | Sp Cover<br>Layer 1&2 | Sp Cover<br>Layer 3 | Sp Cover<br>Layer 4 |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     | ļ                   |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     |                     |
|              |                     |                     |                                |                    |                |     |     |                   |                       |                     | i                   |

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